

# » SEASONAL AND SPATIAL CHANGES OF LATE LARVAE AND JUVENILE FLATFISHES ALONG THE DUTCH COAST, SOUTHERN NORTH SEA

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## » FLATFISH ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

### Maasvlakte 2 Land Reclamation

- Total area ca 2,000 hectares , 13 km of quay walls & 12 km sea defences
- Sand, 1<sup>st</sup> phase construction by 2013, 240 million m<sup>3</sup>, 365 million m<sup>3</sup> (by 2033)
- Trailing Suction Hopper Dredgers extract sand from offshore sites (7 to 20 km off the coast)



Start, Jan 2009



Oct. 2009



April 2010



April 2011

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Impacts on the receiving marine ecology?

Water Framework Directive (EU WFD; 2000/60/EC)

Marine Strategy Framework Directive (EU MSFD; 2008/56/EC)



**Ecosystem  
integrity  
assessment**

**Effects on (flat)fish assemblages from ...**

1. disruptive pressure on habitat /spawning stock biomass
2. direct effects on fish survival
3. indirect effects on survival
  - food availability, predation, energy budgets

**could fish be a sensitive measure of  
ecological integrity and impacts?**

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Ecosystem  
integrity  
assessment



Water bodies in Europe: Integrative Systems to assess Ecological status and Recovery; *University of Duisburg-Essen*

## Biological elements response/ indicators

- sensitivity to human pressure (calibration)
- accurate and robust indication
- reference conditions
- technically feasible
- bound by time and budget constraints
- easy interpretation by non-specialists

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### Objectives

1. Modelling of fish assemblages for use in defining reference conditions
2. Functional linkage between larval supply and flatfish habitat

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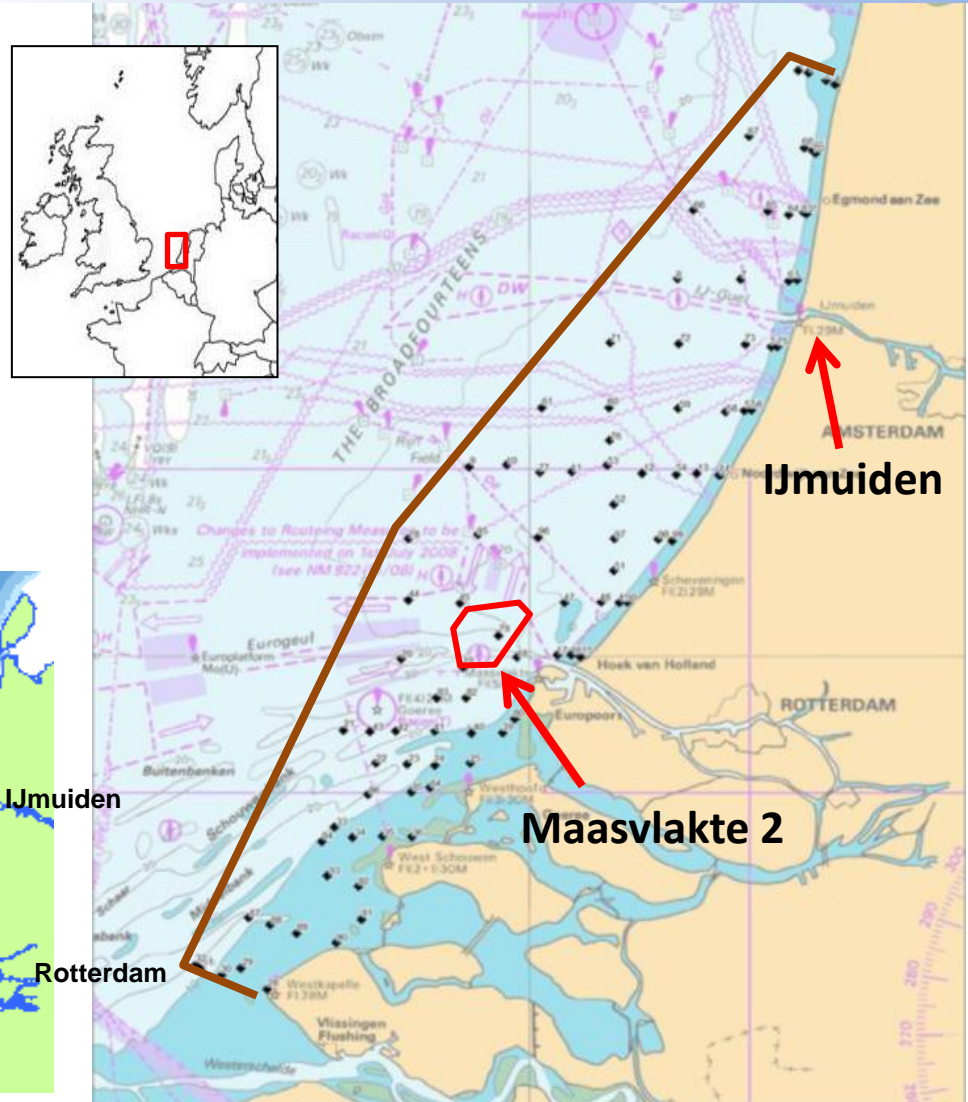
## Methods Field:

### Design

100 stations & 3 seasonal cruises  
April, July & October 2007,  
5m to 25m chart datum, stratified &  
fully randomized sampling sequence

## The study area:

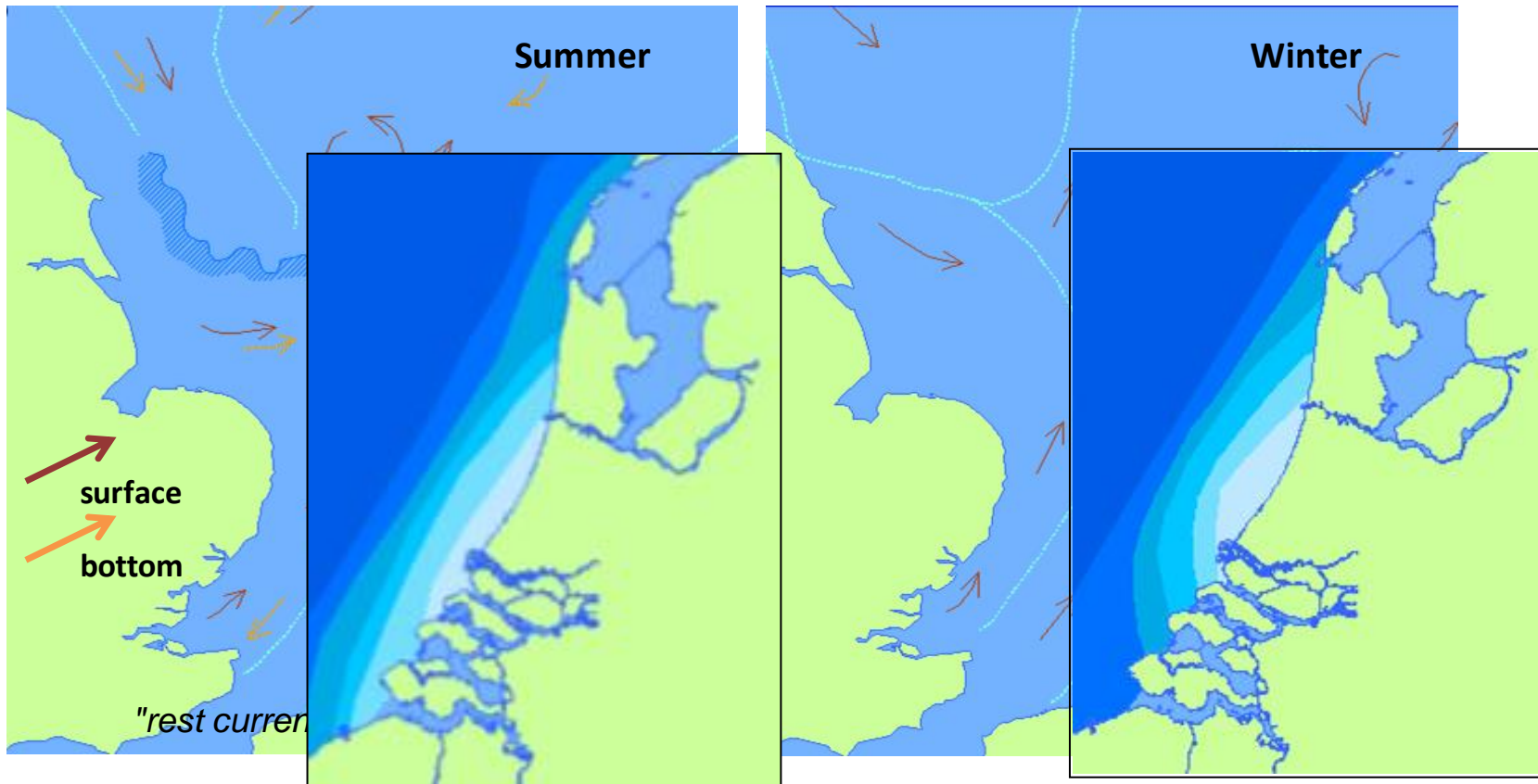
### Sediment & Bathymetry



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## The study area

residual currents & water masses



salinity

<http://www.noordzeeatlas.nl/en/index.html>

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## Methods Field:

### Gear

-MIK trawls

2m  $\varnothing$  1500 $\mu$ m body &  
500 $\mu$ m codend

5m above bottom

2 knots, approx. 3200m<sup>-3</sup>  
samples

### -Beam trawl

2m wide; 19mm & 9mm  
approx. 2500m<sup>-2</sup> samples



Water Quality  
parameters



# » FLATFISH ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

## Beam Trawl survey (Demersal )

Juvenile/adult density (ind./1000 m<sup>2</sup>)  
Species ID, Standard length & Weight  
(Fulton K)

Size class analysis

0+, 1 and 2+ flatfishes

## MIK survey (Pelagic)

Juvenile & Larval density (ind./1000 m<sup>3</sup>)  
Species ID, Standard length  
Stomach content

**Multivariate  
Datasets**

## ENVIRONMENTAL VARIABLES

Temperature	Station depth
Salinity	Latitude
Chlorophyll	Cruise (degree day)
% silt (bottom)	
Total Suspended Matter	

Ordination  
Cluster analysis

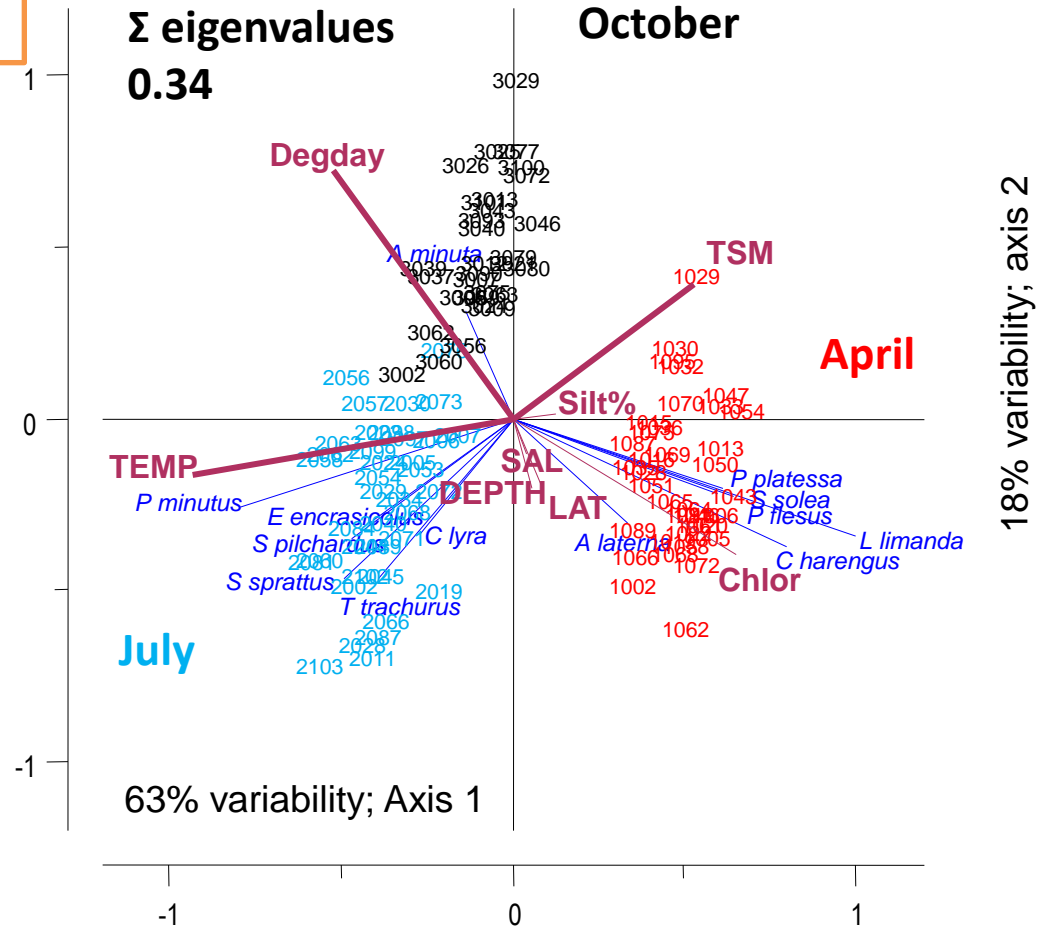
**PELAGIC & DEMERSAL  
Flatfish ASSEMBLAGES**

# » LARVAL ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

## Assemblages:

Redundancy Analysis (RDA)

- Strong seasonal effect
- Flatfish dominated in April
- Peak diversity in Summer
- Model: **TEMP : Degday : TSM**  
79% explained variance
- TSM relevant?



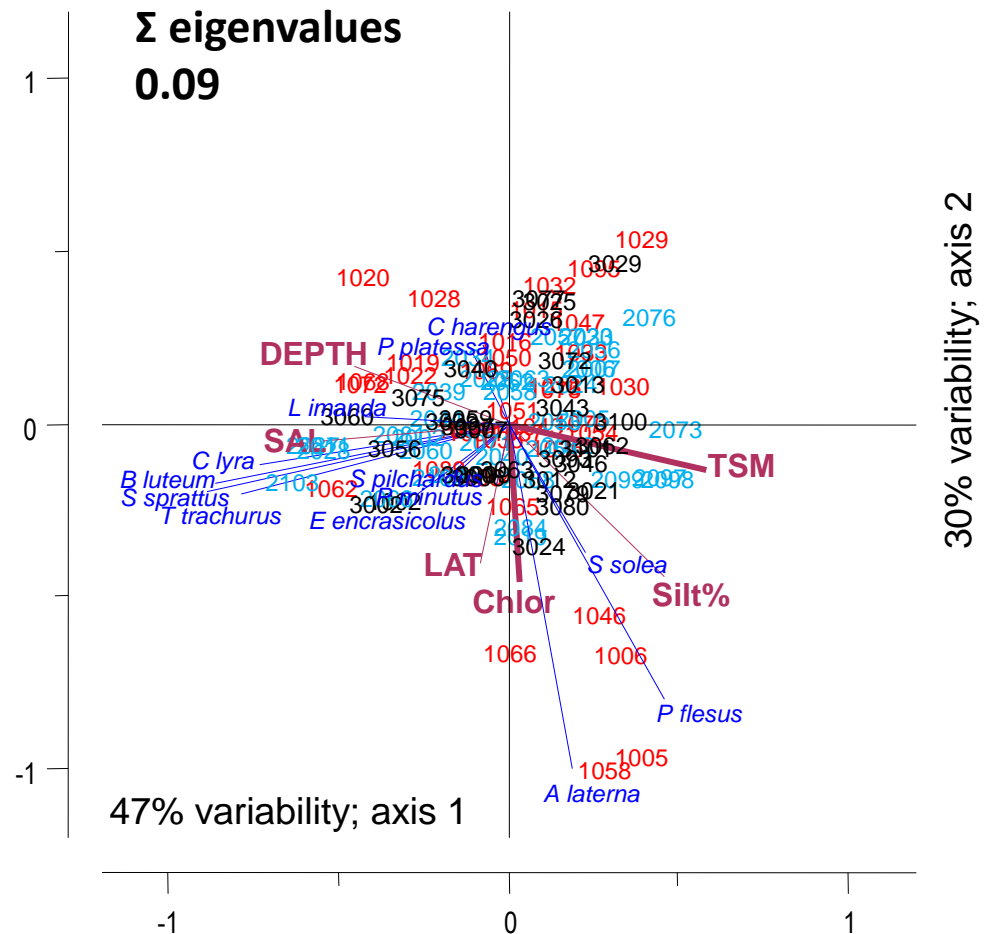
# » LARVAL ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

**Assemblages:** partial RDA  
Covariates TEMP + Degday

- Model: **TSM : Chlor**  
21.2% explained variance, but  
very low predictive power

is TSM driving the assemblage  
structure or are they linked by  
a 3<sup>rd</sup> unknown variable?

... most explanatory power  
in the seasonal effect





# LARVAL ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

## Assemblages:

Cluster analysis (Bray-Curtis similarity and SIMPROF test) & SIMPER (PRIMER v6)

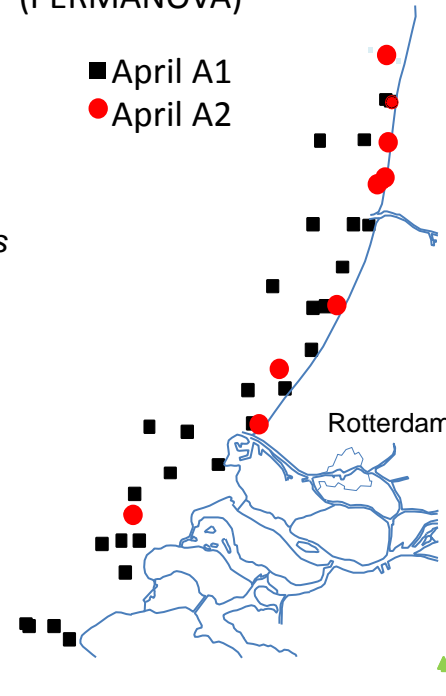
April	A1	A2
<i>P flesus</i>	-	4.3 (ind/1000m <sup>3</sup> )
<i>A laterna</i>	-	2.2
<i>L limanda</i>	3.3	1.3
<i>C harengus</i>	14.0	4.1

*Solea solea*, *Pleuronectes platessa*, *Microchirus variegatus*

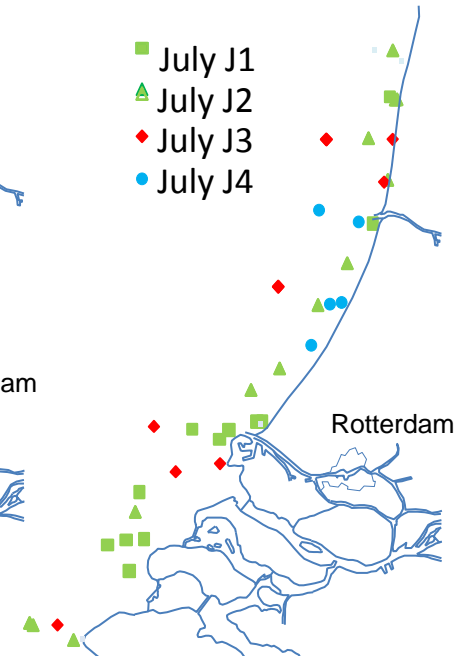
July	J1	J2	J3	J4
<i>T trachurus</i>	-	-	5.5	1.3
<i>C lyra</i>	-	-	7.4	-
<i>E encrasicolus</i>	-	-	7.6	1.1
<i>S sprattus</i>	3.9	-	10.3	0.7
<i>P minutus</i>	7.7	10.4	25.8	1.4
<i>S pilchardus</i>	-	6.5	-	-

*Arnoglossus laterna*, *Buglossidium luteum*, *Psetta maxima*

Significant spatial segregation  
 $p < 0.05$  (PERMANOVA)



No effect

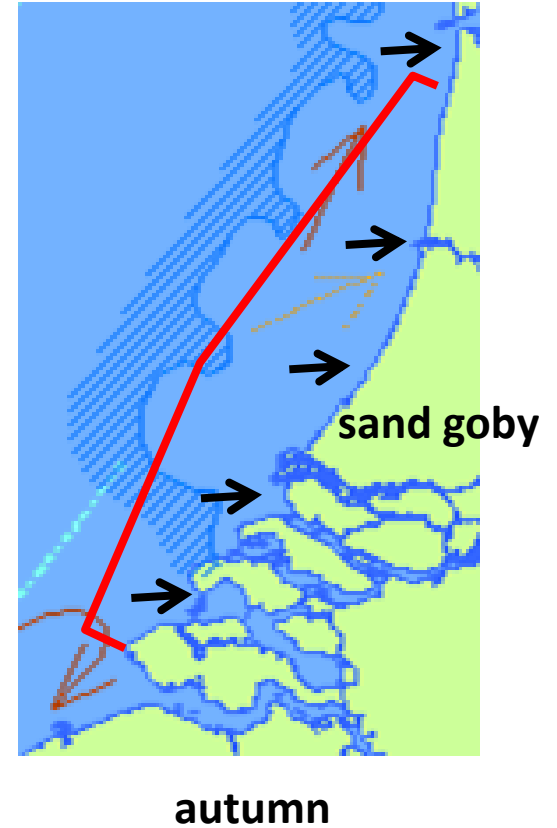
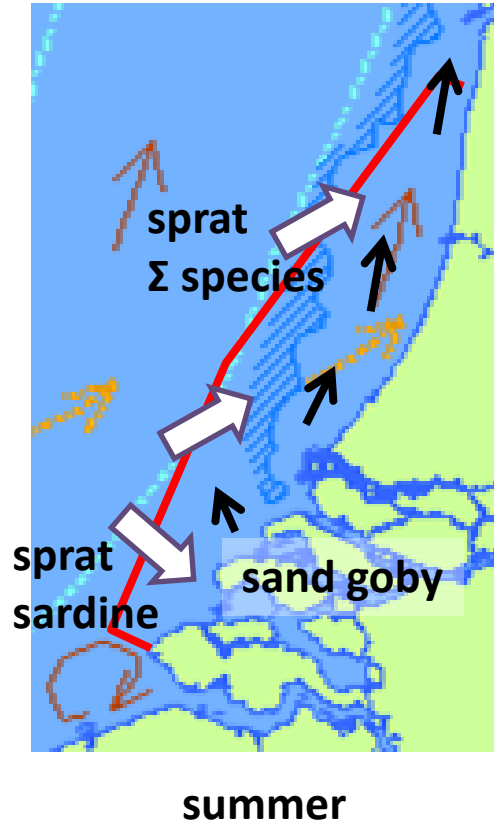
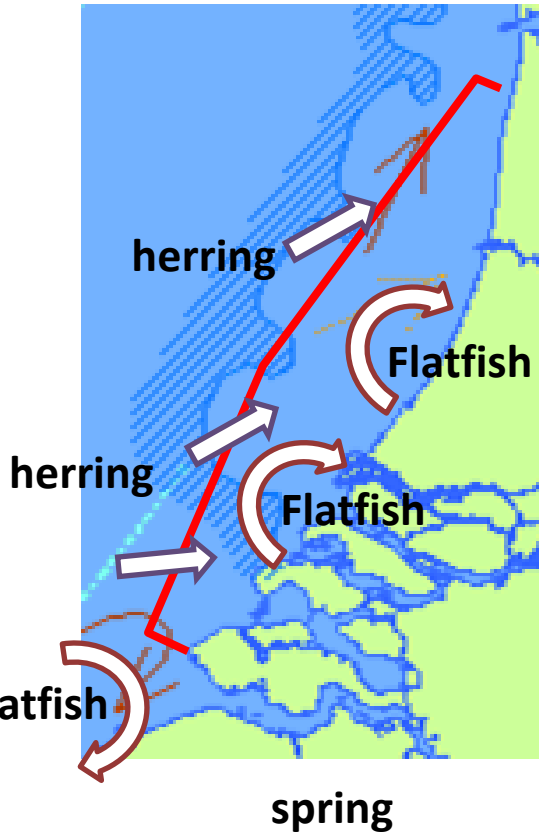


**No assemblage differences in October**



# LARVAL ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

## Conclusions (1)





## » Flatfish ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

### Conclusions (2):

#### Larval assemblages

- Flatfish larvae dominate in the Spring
- Main predictive variables Season and Temperature. Seasonal spawning.
- TSM and Chlorophyll may have structuring roles but with very low predictive power
- Species diversity and seasonality best chances for a predictive model

#### Juvenile flatfishes

- Assemblages segregate by size groups reflecting seasonal and spatial variability in usage of the nursery
- Main predictive variables Month, Depth and Salinity. Habitat characteristics
- Larvae abundance (supply of recruits) does not explain abundance of juvenile flatfishes, flatfish assemblages probably controlled by postsettlement mechanisms... or is it sampling bias?

## » Flatfish ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

### Questions to answer & Future work

- Can we derive a reference condition?
  - Need to account for interannual variability in recruitment.
- Longer datasets
- How to improve the models, more sampling or better designs?
- are the models good enough? Sensitivity analysis
- can we predict, logistic and multinomial logistic regression analysis -probabilities
  - are fish (all stages) suitable for biomonitoring and impact assessment?



# » Flatfish ASSEMBLAGES: Dutch Coast

8th Flatfish symposium, IJmuiden

## Thank you!



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